EE407ES: ELECTRICAL MACHINES LAB – II

B.Tech. II Year II Sem.

L T P C 0 0 3 2

Prerequisite: Electrical Machines – I & Electrical Machines - II

Course Objectives:

- To understand the operation of synchronous machines
- To understand the analysis of power angle curve of a synchronous machine
- To understand the equivalent circuit of a single phase transformer and single phase induction motor
- To understand the circle diagram of an induction motor by conducting a blocked rotor test.

Course Outcomes: After the completion of this laboratory course, the student will be able

- Assess the performance of different machines using different testing methods
- To convert the Phase from three phase to two phase and vice versa
- Compensate the changes in terminal voltages of synchronous generator after estimating the change by different methods
- Control the active and reactive power flows in synchronous machines
- Start different machines and control the speed and power factor

The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory experiments

- 1. O.C. & S.C. Tests on Single phase Transformer
- 2. Sumpner's test on a pair of single phase transformers
- 3. No-load & Blocked rotor tests on three phase Induction motor
- 4. Regulation of a three –phase alternator by synchronous impedance &m.m.f. methods
- 5. V and Inverted V curves of a three—phase synchronous motor.
- 6. Equivalent Circuit of a single phase induction motor
- 7. Determination of Xd and Xq of a salient pole synchronous machine
- 8. Load test on three phase Induction Motor

In addition to the above experiments, at least any two of the following experiments are required to be conducted from the following list

- 1. Separation of core losses of a single phase transformer
- 2. Efficiency of a three-phase alternator
- 3. Parallel operation of Single phase Transformers
- 4. Regulation of three-phase alternator by Z.P.F. and A.S.A methods
- 5. Heat run test on a bank of 3 Nos. of single phase Delta connected transformers
- 6. Measurement of sequence impedance of a three-phase alternator.
- 7. Vector grouping of Three Transformer
- 8. Scott Connection of transformer



