

IV B.Tech II Semester Regular Examinations, Apr/May 2006
COMPUTER APPLICATION IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING
 (Chemical Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions
 All Questions carry equal marks

1. Using simple Euler's method solve for y at x = 0.1 from $dy/dx = x+y+xy$, $y(0) = 1$, taking step size $h = 0.025$. [16]
2. In a given electrical network, the equations for the currents i_1, i_2, i_3 are $3i_1 + i_2 + i_3 = 8$; $2i_1 - 3i_2 - 2i_3 = -5$; $7i_1 + 2i_2 - 5i_3 = 0$. Calculate i_1 and i_3 by Cramers rule. [16]
3. Consider the equations. $a_1X + b_1Y + c_1Z = d_1$, $a_2X + b_2Y + c_2Z = d_2$, $a_3X + b_3Y + c_3Z = d_3$. Write a program to solve the above equations using Matrix inversion method. [16]
4. (a) Find the roots of the equation $X^3 - 4X + 1 = 0$ Correct to 3 significant digits using iterative method.
 (b) When does one stop the iterative cycle? [12+4]
5. Calculate the molar volume of methane vapor at 500 K and 10 bar by using the virial equation of the form: $PV/RT = 1 + B/V + C/V^2$ where $B = -2.19 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3/\text{mol}$; $C = -1.73 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m}^6/\text{mol}^2$. Use the Newton-Raphson method. [16]
6. Fit a curve of the type ae^{-bx} for the data given in the table. [16]

x	0.25	0.5	0.75	1.0	1.25	1.5	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.5
y	3.1	1.7	1.0	0.08	0.42	0.26	0.14	0.09	0.04	0.03
7. (a) Illustrate continuous and discontinuous functions with the shapes of their curves.
 (b) Find the minimum of the expression $y = 10x^3 - 4x^2 + 3x - 1$ if $-5 \leq X \leq 10$ by the analytical method. [10+6]
8. (a) Compare the Fibonacci method and modified Fibonacci method by computing the number of experiments required to get an accuracy of $\alpha \leq 0.01$.
 (b) Find the effectiveness of Fibonacci method and modified Fibonacci method when the number of experiments is 10. [8+8]

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1. Use Runge- Kutta 4th order method to approximate y at x = 0.1 and x = 0.2 for $dy/dx = x+y$ with $x_0 = 0$ and $y_0 = 1$ and $h = 0.1$. [16]
2. Solve by Cramer's rule, the equations: $2x_1 + 5x_2 + 3x_3 = 1$, $-x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 2$, $x_1 + x_3 + x_2 = 0$. [16]
3. Solve the following simultaneous equations. $2.5x_1 + 5.2x_2 = 6.2$; $1.251x_1 + 2.605x_2 = 3.152$ by Gauss Elimination method and correct the answer up to 4 significant digits. [16]
4. a) Find the roots of the following polynomial equation using the Newton-Raphson method. $X^4 - 8X^3 + 14.91X^2 + 9.54X - 25.92 = 0$ b) What are the bounds within which the roots lie? [12+4]
5. An elementary liquid phase reaction $A + B \rightarrow R+S$ is conducted in a multiple reactor system in which 100liters capacity CSTR is used as the first unit and a PFR is used as the second unit. Find the intermediate conversion between the both the units using iterative method. Data: Initial molar ratio of B to A, $M = 2$, Reaction rate constant (k) = 0.2 lit/gmol.min, $C_{A0} = 0.5$ gmol/lit and $v_0 = 93.3$ lit/min. [16]
6. The specific heat of the Hexane was measured at various temperatures during the heating and given in the following table

Temp(T),K	298	350	400	450	500	550
Cp/R	16.24	18.229	20.07	21.84	23.53	25.14

If the relationship between specific heat and temperature is of the form:
 $C_p/R = A + BT + CT^2 + DT^3$.
 Estimate the coefficients using polynomial regression. What is the value of specific heat at 700K. [16]
7. (a) Describe the behaviour of different monotonic functions showing the shapes of their curves.
 (b) Given the function $f(x) = 1/4x^4 + 2/3x^3 - 5/2x^2 - 6x$, find the stationary points and test them for maxima and minima. [8+8]
8. Find the minimum of the function
 $y = (2x - 9)^2$
 $0 < x < 10$
 carrying out 4 sequential and equal interval experiments. [16]

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1. Given $dy/dx = (y-x)/(y+x)$ with boundary conditions $y = 1$ when $x = 0$, find approximately y for $x = 0.1$, by Euler's modified method.(5Steps). [16]
 2. Solve by Cramer's rule, the equations: $2x_1 + 3x_2 = 12, 4x_1 - x_2 = 10$. [16]
 3. Consider the following sparse set of equations. $2x_1 - 2x_2 = 1; -x_1 + 2x_2 - 3x_3 = -2; -2x_2 + 2x_3 - 4x_4 = -1; x_3 - x_4 = 3$ Are the zero co-efficients preserved as zeros during Gauss Elimination?. If yes, write a program, which uses the Gauss Elimination method. [16]
 4. Given the polynomial equation $X^4 + 0.5X^3 - 8.5X^2 - 0.5X + 7.5 = 0$ Use regula-falsi method to find the roots of the equation to 3 significant digits. [16]
 5. Given the reactions $A + 2B \rightarrow R; r_R = k_1 C_A \cdot C_B^2$ $A + B \rightarrow S; r_s = k_2 C_A \cdot C_B, k_2 = 2k_1$ How should the MFR to be operated so as to maximize the desired product R from a single feed consists of $CA_0 = CB_0 = 1.0$. $\varphi(R/A) = dC_R / -dC_A, C_{Rf} = \phi(C_{B0} - C_{Bf})$. Use the Newton raphson method. [16]
 6. The thermal conductivity of the metal strip at different temperatures are given in the following table. Fit the data in straight line using least square regression technique. [16]
- | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Temp(T),K | 300 | 320 | 340 | 360 | 380 | 400 |
| Thermal conductivity(K),W/m.K | 7.5 | 7.9 | 8.3 | 8.7 | 9.1 | 9.5 |
7. (a) Explain the necessary and sufficient conditions for the extreme of an unconstrained function.
 (b) Determine the nature of stationary point of the function $f(x) = -3x^5 + 10x^3 - 20$ [8+8]
 8. Find the minimum of $y = 10x^2 - 3x + 5$ using Dichotomous search subject to restriction $g(x) = x^2, 5 \leq 10$. Consider 6 calculations only. [16]

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1. Apply Runge-Kutta 2nd order method to find an approximate value of y when x = 0.2 given that $dy/dx = x+y$ and $y = 1$ when $x = 0$. [16]
2. Solve the following equations using Cramer's rule: $x^2z^3/y = e^8$; $y^2z/x = e^4$, $x^3y/z^4 = 1$. [16]
3. In a given electrical network, the equations for the currents i_1, i_2, i_3 are $3i_1 + i_2 + i_3 = 8$; $2i_1 - 3i_2 - 2i_3 = -5$; $7i_1 + 2i_2 - 5i_3 = 0$ by Matrix inversion method. [16]
4. Develop a computer program which uses the Newton-Raphson method to calculate the specific volume of a pure gas at a given temperature and pressure by using the Beattie-Bridgeman equation of state $PV = RT + \beta/V + \gamma/V^2 + \delta/V^3$. The variable β, γ and δ are empirical functions of temperature $\beta = RT B_0 - A_0 - RC/T^2$, $\gamma = -RTB_0b + \alpha A_0 - RB_0C/T^2$, $\delta = RB_0bC/T^2$ Where constants A_0, B_0, α, b, C are given. [16]
5. The friction factor for the flow of a fluid through a pipe is a function of Reynolds number, Re. When the flow is turbulent for $Re > 4200$, the friction factor is also a function of roughness factor e/D of the pipe and may be estimated from the relation. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{f}} = 3.48 - 4 \log \left[2 \frac{e}{D} + \frac{9.35}{Re \sqrt{f}} \right]$ Calculate the value of f at $Re = 20,000$ and $e/D = 0.005$ using iterative method. [16]
6. Find the overall order of the irreversible reaction $2H_2 + 2NO \rightarrow N_2 + 2H_2O$ from the following constant volume data using equimolar amounts of hydrogen and nitric acid. Use the least square regression technique. Data: [16]

Total pressure (π_o), mm Hg	200	240	280	320	360
Half-life($t_{1/2}$), sec	265	186	115	104	67

7. Find the minimum of the function $y = (2x - 9)^2$ adopting direct search with accelerating step size. [16]
8. Find the minimum of the following function using two point equal interval search method for 6 iterations $f(x) = 10x^2 - 3x$ subject to $-5 < x < 5$ [16]
