

**II B.Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, April/May 2005
MATHEMATICS-III**

**(Common to Electrical & Electronic Engineering, Mechanical Engineering,
Electronics & Communication Engineering, Electronics & Instrumentation
Engineering, Electronics & Control Engineering, Mechatronics, Electronics
& Telematics, Metallurgy & Material Technology and Aeronautical
Engineering)**

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

**Answer any FIVE Questions
All Questions carry equal marks**

1. (a) Show that $\int_{-1}^1 (1+x)^{p-1}(1-x)^{q-1}dx = 2^{p+q-1} \frac{\Gamma(p)\Gamma(q)}{\Gamma(p+q)}$.
- (b) Show that $\int_0^1 \frac{x^{m-1}(1-x)^{n-1}}{(a+x)^{m+n}}dx = \frac{\beta(m,n)}{a^n(1+a)^m}$
2. (a) Show that $J_n(x)$ satisfies the differential equation $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + (x^2 - n^2)y = 0$
- (b) Show that $P_n(1) = 1$ and $P_n(x) = (-1)^n P_n(x)$.
3. (a) Show that $w = z^n$ (n , a positive integer) is analytic and find its derivative.
- (b) If $w = f(z)$ is an analytic function, then prove that the family of curves defined by $u(x,y) = \text{constant}$ cuts orthogonally the family of curves $v(x,y) = \text{constant}$.
- (c) If $\alpha + i\beta = \tan h(x + i\pi/4)$ prove that $\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = 1$
4. (a) Evaluate using Cauchy's Integral Formula $\int_c \frac{(z+1) dz}{z^3-4z}$ where c is $|z+2| = 3/2$
Using Cauchy's Integral Formula evaluate
- (b) Evaluate $\int_C z^3 dz$ where C is the curve $x=t, y=t^2$
- (c) $\int_c \frac{e^{3z} dz}{(z+i)^4}$ where c is $|z| = 3$ using Cauchy's integral formula
5. Expand $\frac{1}{z(z^2-3z+2)}$ for the regions
 - (a) $0 < |z| < 1$
 - (b) $1 < |z| < 2$
 - (c) $|z| > 2$
6. (a) State and prove residue theorem.
- (b) Using residue theorem Evaluate $\oint_C (4-3z)/(z^2-z) dz$ Where C is the circle $|z|=2$.
7. (a) Evaluate $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{(5-3\sin \theta)^2}$ using residue theorem.
- (b) Evaluate $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{(x^2+25)^2}$ using residue theorem.

8. (a) Find the image of the semi-infinite strip $x > 0, 0 < y < \pi$ under the transformation $w = iz + 1$. show the region graphically.
- (b) In the transformation $z = \frac{1-w}{1+w}$ show that the positive half of the w -plane given by $u \geq 0$ corresponds to the circle $|z| \leq 1$ in the z -plane
