

**II B.Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations,  
November/December 2005  
MATERIAL SCIENCE FOR CHEMICAL ENGINEERING  
(Chemical Engineering)**

**Time: 3 hours****Max Marks: 80**

**Answer any FIVE Questions  
All Questions carry equal marks**

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1. What are advanced materials? How advanced materials are developed through combination of conventional engineering materials? [16]
2. (a) What electron subshell is being filled for the rare earth series of elements on the periodic table?  
(b) What electronic subshell is being filled for the actinide series? [8+8]
3. (a) Make a plot of the melting points and boiling points of materials of different bonding characteristics as a function of their bond length.  
(b) Explain why the increasing trend of melting and boiling points show a reversal after silicon, even though the bond energy continues to increase. [8+8]
4. (a) Explain the construction of phase diagram for brass.  
(b) Explain the applications of phase diagrams with special reference to manufacture of steels. [8+8]
5. (a) Steady state creep rate of an alloy under an applied stress of 25 Mpa at 6200C is  $3.1 \times 10^{-12} s^{-1}$ . A component made from this alloy is subjected to a stress of 25Mpa at 620<sup>0</sup>C for 60% of the running time and to 30 Mpa at 650<sup>0</sup>C for 40% of the running time. Steady state creep rate of the ally is given by:  $d\varepsilon/dt = A\sigma^5 e^{-Q/RT}$  where Q=160KJ/mol. Calculate the average creep rate of the component.  
(b) Name four strengthening mechanisms.  
(c) Sketch and label a typical creep curve. Identify the normally used design parameter from the above curve. [16]
6. (a) Define the parabolic law of oxidation.  
(b) What are the common alloying elements added to steel for improving oxidation.  
(c) Briefly discuss about the oxidation resistant Materials. [5+5+6]
7. Solids are classified as metals, Semiconductors and insulators according their band structure. Explain in detail with diagrams. [16]
8. Write short notes on the following:  
(a) High frequency applications of ferrites

(b) Eddy Current losses in ferromagnetic materials

[8+8]

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