

IV B.Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, November 2005**DIGITAL SPEECH & IMAGE PROCESSING****SPEECH & IMAGE PROCESSING**

(Common to Computer Science & Engineering, Information Technology
and Electronics & Computer Engineering)

Time: 3 hours**Max Marks: 80**

Answer any FIVE Questions
All Questions carry equal marks

1. Derive expressions for image plane co-ordinates, assuming that camera and world co-ordinate systems are not coincident. [16]
2. Give a note about the techniques followed in grey-level transformations. [16]
3. Discuss the limiting effect of repeatedly applying a 3x3 low pass filter to a digital image. Ignore the border effects. [16]
4. Explain various discontinuity detection methods in detail with suitable examples. [16]
5. Discuss about the following edge detection techniques
 - (a) Laplacean
 - (b) Laplacean of Gaussian (LOG) and
 - (c) Zero crossing. [5+6+5]
6. (a) What is granulometry? Explain the different morphological operations used in granulometry?
- (b) A gray scale image, $f(x,y)$, is corrupted by overlapping noise spikes that can be modeled as small, cylindrical artifacts of radii $R_{min} \leq r \leq R_{max}$ and amplitude $A_{min} \leq a \leq A_{max}$. Develop a morphological filtering approach for cleaning up the image. [8+8]
7. (a) With a neat block diagram, describe the image compression system model
- (b) What do you mean by mapper in source encoder?
- (c) Compare the statistical Compression and spatial Compression. [6+4+6]
8. How statistical coding is differentiated from spatial coding? Give one example for both the coding. Explain. [16]

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1. What are the elements required to acquire digital images? Explain in detail about various imaging systems. [16]

2. Two images $f(x,y)$ and $g(x,y)$ have histograms h_f and h_g . Give the condition under which you can determine the histogram of

(a) $f(x,y) + g(x,y)$

(b) $f(x,y) - g(x,y)$

(c) $f(x,y) * g(x,y)$

(d) $f(x,y) \div g(x,y)$

in terms of h_f and h_g . Explain how to obtain histogram in each case. [4+4+4+4]

3. (a) What is the expression for performing convolution of images. Explain the terms involved in it.

(b) If the template T is defined as

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

and the image I is defined as

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 4 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

find the resulting convolved image $T * I$.

[6+10]

4. Write short notes on the following:

(a) Global thresholding

(b) Adaptive thresholding.

[8+8]

5. A sample image of 5×5 is shown below.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 4 & 3 & 7 \\ 3 & 4 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 & 3 & 7 \\ 5 & 4 & 5 & 4 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

Apply the Sobel's diagonal operators in both the directions and show the truncated output image of size 3×3 . [8+8]

6. (a) What is granulometry? Explain the different morphological operations used in granulometry?
- (b) A gray scale image, $f(x,y)$, is corrupted by overlapping noise spikes that can be modeled as small, cylindrical artifacts of radii $R_{min} \leq r \leq R_{max}$ and amplitude $A_{min} \leq a \leq A_{max}$. Develop a morphological filtering approach for cleaning up the image. [8+8]
7. (a) Describe about Transform coding.
- (b) Write notes on optimal quantization. [8+8]
8. (a) Write about the Huffman coding.
- (b) What do you mean by error free compression.
- (c) Explain about near optimal variable length coding. [8+4+4]

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1. (a) Write a short note on image model.
(b) Explain in detail about different types of CCD sensors used for image acquisition. [6+10]
2. (a) Prove or disprove that the histogram equalization is an invertible function.
(b) What would be the effect on the histogram if we set to zero the higher order bits. [10+6]
3. (a) Explain the characteristics of the following smoothing filters.
 - i. Thresholding
 - ii. averaging filters
 - iii. median filters.(b) Discuss their relative advantages and disadvantages. [8+8]
4. Write short notes on the following:
 - (a) Optimal thresholding
 - (b) Role of Illumination in thresholding. [8+8]
5. A sample image of 5×5 is shown below.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 4 & 3 & 7 \\ 3 & 4 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 & 3 & 7 \\ 5 & 4 & 5 & 4 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

Apply the Sobel's diagonal operators in both the directions and show the truncated output image of size 3×3 . [8+8]

6. Explain how the following morphological operations can be extended to gray scale images
 - (a) erosion
 - (b) opening. [10+6]
7. (a) What do you mean by compression? Briefly explain its requirement.

- (b) Differentiate lossy compression and lossless compression. Mention their applications.
 - (c) What do you mean by improved Gray Scale Quantization?
 - (d) Explain the fidelity criteria in image compression. [3+5+4+4]
8. (a) Explain about
- i. slope overload
 - ii. granular noise.
- (b) List out the advantages and drawbacks of different types of lossy compression techniques. [8+8]

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1. With a brief note on satellite imagery technique, explain in detail about various methods of acquiring images from satellite. [16]
2. (a) What are the transformation functions and properties of the following gray level transformations:
 - i. Contrast stretching
 - ii. thresholding
 - iii. log transformations
 - iv. power law transformations. [4+4+4+4]
3. (a) Explain how the directional smoothing is performed.
(b) Explain the steps involved in median filtering. [8+8]
4. (a) Enumerate the basic formulation of the region-based segmentation.
(b) Explain the concept of region growing procedure with suitable example. [6+10]
5. Distinguish first-order derivative and second -order derivative of a 2-D function. Give the example operators for each of the derivatives. [16]
6. (a) Explain with an example the boundary extraction using morphology operations.
(b) Write short notes on opening and closing. [8+8]
7. (a) Define
 - i. Compression ratio
 - ii. Relative data redundancy
 - iii. Mappings
 - iv. Quantization in Psychovisual redundancy.
(b) How the interpixel redundancy is differentiated from the coding redundancy and psychovisual redundancy? [8+8]
8. (a) Explain about
 - i. slope overload
 - ii. granular noise.

- (b) List out the advantages and drawbacks of different types of lossy compression techniques. [8+8]
