

**II B.Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, November 2006**  
**BIO ELECTRICITY AND ELECTRODE**  
**(Bio-Medical Engineering)**

**Time: 3 hours**

**Max Marks: 80**

**Answer any FIVE Questions**  
**All Questions carry equal marks**

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1. Describe the origin for generating bio-electricity at the cellular and sub- cellular level . [16]
2. What is Nernst equation? Explain how it shows that the electrode response depends on both temperature and the no of charges on the ion. [16]
3. Explain how propagation of an impulse is different from transmission with reference to neuroneuronal junction. [16]
4. Giving the characteristics of action potentials of components of conduction system, explain the electrical activity of heart. [16]
5. With the help of circuit diagrams and properties, explain bio potential electrodes. [16]
6. Write a short note on:
  - (a) Physiotherapy instruments
  - (b) Surgical instruments
  - (c)  $P^H$  meter [6+5+5]
7. (a) Explain as to how you can relate motor unit potentials to the electrical activity of skeletal muscles?  
(b) What is gradation of muscular activity? [8+8]
8. (a) Explain the placement of electrodes used in the measurement of EEG?  
(b) Specify different EEG rhythms? Define REM. [8+8]

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1. What is excited semipermeable membrane . what are the different types of transducers used for recording biopotentials? [16]
2. Describe local excitatory state (LES) and rheobase . Explain the relation between the stimulus strength and duration. [16]
3. Describe the electric properties of receptors and explain how they help in transmission of message. [16]
4. Define “lead”? Explain the ECG leads with neat circuit diagrams. [16]
5. Explain the classification and characteristics of bio potential electrodes with the help of required waveforms and block diagrams. [16]
6. Write a short note on:
  - (a) Diathermy
  - (b) Blood cell counter
  - (c) Ion-Sensitive electrode [6+5+5]
7. (a) Discuss the velocity of neuromuscular transmission and their changes in normal and abnormal states.  
(b) Explain the chemical significance of fatigue? [8+8]
8. (a) Explain the placement of electrodes used in the measurement of EEG?  
(b) Specify different EEG rhythms? Define REM. [8+8]

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1. What are bio-potentials ? Explain in detail with block diagram. [16]
2. Write short notes on
  - (a)  $Na^+ K^+$  pump.
  - (b) Transmembrane potential .
  - (c) Resting potential in Squid axon. [6+5+5]
3. Write notes on
  - (a) threshold stimulus and action potential .
  - (b) Post synaptic inhibitory potential(PSIP). [8+8]
4. (a) Highlighting the differences between unipolar limb leads and bipolar limb leads, explain them.
  - (b) Give the relationship for above two leads. [8+8]
5. Explain the mechanical properties of microelectrodes? [16]
6. (a) Explain as to how and what type of electrodes are used for surgery.
  - (b) Giving proper examples, explain physiotherapy and analytical instruments. [8+8]
7. (a) What are motor unit potentials.
  - (b) How the motor unit potentials are helpful in neuromuscular transmission? [8+8]
8. Discuss the different waves and rhythms in Electroencephalogram. Explain. [16]

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1. Discuss the physiological effects due to electric currents during bio-potential measurement. [16]
2. What is refractory period and explain absolute and relative refractory periods. [16]
3. Write short notes on
  - (a) a) Soup theory (Chemical transmission of impulse) .
  - (b) Electric properties of synapse. [8+8]
4. Enumerate the electrical activity of the heart with the help of Einthoven's triangle. [16]
5. Discuss on needle electrodes focusing on mechanical properties. [16]
6.
  - (a) Explain the bio-potential electrodes for surgery?
  - (b) Discuss about the electrodes used for ECG, EEG and EOG. [8+8]
7. How are motor unit potentials generated? Explain. [16]
8.
  - (a) Mention various conditions during which brain waves and rhythms in EEG are generated.
  - (b) Explain the placement of electrodes in 10-20 electrode system of EEG with a neat sketch. [8+8]

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